

DAIRY INSTRUCTION CAR TO BE RUN 1914

WILL BE OPERATED IN MISSISSIPPI
AT EARLY DATE.

Mobile and Ohio and Southern Railway in
Mississippi Announce Big Event for
Farmers—Places in This State
With Dates, to Be Visited.

Jackson.—With a special dairy instruction car equipped like a complete farm dairy and carrying exhibits, charts and a corps of expert dairymen, the Mobile and Ohio railroad and the Southern railway in Mississippi during the first four months of 1914 will conduct an extensive campaign for the improvement and development of the dairy industry along their lines in Mississippi and Alabama.

Ninety-four points will be visited and a day will be spent at each stop giving demonstrations and practical talks on dairying subjects. Milk samples will be tested free and advice given on all dairy problems. Particular effort will be made to show farmers the splendid opportunities which Mississippi and Alabama afford for those taking up dairying to supply the large home demand for dairy products.

OLAN WATSON HELD FOR TRIAL.

Youth Who Got Into Trouble in Memphis
Accused of Cotton Stealing.

Hernando.—Deputies Will Harris and A. S. Campbell arrested Olan Watson and two negroes whose names were not learned at Pleasant Hill, in this county, on charges of wholesale cotton stealing. It is said the warrants were sworn out by William Smith, and J. O. Bridgeforth & Co., merchants of Pleasant Hill. It has been reported for some time in that neighborhood that some person or persons had been making away with a large amount of cotton. An investigation was started with the result that Olan Watson and two negroes were discovered to be the ones who were implicated.

Olan Watson for a period of several years kept the police department of Memphis hot on his trail for several crimes committed in Memphis. He was finally convicted in the Shelby county criminal court and sentenced to serve a number of years in the state penitentiary at Nashville. Within about a year he was pardoned, conditionally, by Gov. Hooper. It is said that the parties whose cotton was stolen will aid the state in prosecuting Watson and his accomplices to the full penalty of the law.

KILLS HIS FRIEND ACCIDENTALLY.

Firing Pistol in Air in Jest Has a Fatal Result.

Ruleville.—R. L. Pomertree, living four miles northeast of Ruleville, was killed by his brother-in-law, D. R. Hollie, who claims the killing was accidental. These two and two others were returning, it is said, from an allnight poker game and stopped on the road, took a drink, when, it is said, Pomertree emptied his pistol in the air. Hollie said: "Don't, Bob, you know I am afraid of shooting," but he shot his pistol, claiming he was shooting in the air, but when he finished shooting Pomertree had a bullet in the neck and died immediately. Pomertree was reared here, while Hollie was reared in Carroll county, Miss., coming here some time ago. He says he would not have killed Pomertree for the world, as he was his best friend.

BOY GETS RHODES SCHOLARSHIP.

Columbus Youth Succeeds in Landing the
Coveted Prize.

University.—At a meeting of the Rhodes scholarship committee Thomas Mayo of Columbus, aged 21, was selected to be the next Rhodes scholar. He passed the examination held several weeks ago, and on investigation of the committee was found eligible in all other requirements. Mr. Mayo graduated last year with a B.A. degree, and this year is taking his M.A. degree, also teaching English and Latin in the Oxford High School. During his college career he was very popular with the students and won many distinctions while here. He was a prominent member of the Glee Club, a charter member of the Red and Blue Club, and also a member of the Phi Delta Theta Fraternity. Last year he won the Bryan medal for excellence in writing essays.

Truck Growers Meet.

Greenwood.—The meeting recently called to give consideration to the trucking business in the Greenwood section was held in the rooms of the Greenwood Business League.

To Double-Track Railroad.

Meridian.—As soon as the Alabama Great Southern railroad can arrange details in connection with the sale of the \$25,000,000 improvement bonds voted at the last meeting of the stockholders, work will commence doubletracking the line from Chattanooga, Tenn., to Meridian.

Work in Drainage District.

Starkville.—The drainage commissioner of Oktibbeha county will, on January 10, receive sealed bids for the clearing of the right of way, excavation, digging and construction of the canal and laterals of the Central Drainage District.

\$40,000 Fire at Crenshaw.

Crenshaw.—The big plant of the Crenshaw Oil Company was discovered to be on fire. The fire started in the seed and hull house, and by a hard night was confined to these two buildings. The loss is estimated at \$40,000.

TUBERCULOSIS WAR IS BOOSTED.

Greenville Cooperates With the State
Health Board.

Greenville.—The citizens of this city have inaugurated an anti-tuberculosis campaign with the definite purpose of establishing a free dispensary with system of visiting nurses.

Dr. W. H. Rowan of the state board of health, who is chief sanitary inspector in Mississippi, and who has for the past year been giving lectures on tuberculosis under the auspices of the Mississippi Anti-Tuberculosis Campaign Committee, delivered an address upon the occasion of the Greenville meeting. Dr. Rowan discussed in a talk practical plans of procedure for fighting tuberculosis in this city and county, while awaiting the passage of laws that will result in the building of a county hospital which is the ideal system as found in New York and Massachusetts, where the work has been most effective.

It was advised that the dispensary system with a properly trained visiting nurse whose business will be to locate all cases of tuberculosis and see that they are not only properly treated but also that they are instructed as to the protection of their families and the public. Special emphasis was placed on this phase of the work as the history of Germany, New York and Pennsylvania shows, that the decrease in the death rate is due more to the improvement of home conditions than to their expensive hospitals or sanitariums or hospital treatment. The necessity for reporting of all tubercular patients by physicians was emphasized as no work will be successful without it.

The meeting was concluded with the announcement of certain generous donations, including a gift of \$100 from Fred Wilkin, a visitor to the city; \$100 from the First National Bank and \$100 from the Citizens Bank, together with several smaller sums.

LUMBER BUSINESS VERY DULL.

Men Engaged in That Line Are Taking
Vacations.

Jackson.—Like people in nearly all other lines of trade, men engaged in the lumber industry are taking a week off for Christmas and the New Year holidays. To many of them, however, it is merely the prolongation of the virtual vacation which they have enjoyed for the past several weeks. This applies especially to sales agencies, for such a dull period has not been experienced at any other time since the panicky days of 1907.

TRAINS COLLIDE NEAR BILOXI.

Only One Injured When L. & N. Passenger
Hits Freight Train.

Biloxi.—Passengers of northbound L. & N. train No. 2 were given a severe shaking up, when the heavy train, drawn by two locomotives, crashed head-on into a freight train near here. The freight train was going onto a side track and all except the locomotive was out of the path of the passenger train when the collision occurred. Several of the passenger cars were derailed. Baggage-master J. A. Watts was the only person hurt.

COMPLIMENT THE LEVEE BOARD.

Affairs of Yazoo-Mississippi Delta Levee
Board in Good Shape.

Clarksdale.—Chairman A. C. Anderson and Messrs. Joe Owen, W. L. Evans and W. L. Ellis, members of the legislative investigating committee, and R. S. Street, the committee's stenographer, left for Vicksburg. On another train to Jackson went the corps of expert accountants, Chief Lewis E. Crook and his assistants, M. J. Browning and R. L. Hall. These gentlemen have completed the investigation which has been in progress for the past three weeks of the affairs of the Yazoo-Mississippi delta levee board, whose headquarters are in Clarksdale. The only member of the committee not present was D. C. Bramlette of Woodville, who was called home on important matters. Asked for an expression as to the outcome of his committee's work here, Chairman Anderson said: "You may say that we found everything satisfactory. The books are properly kept and all moneys are accounted for."

To Enlarge Meridian Schools.

Meridian.—School extension is a question that will be one of the most important in the city administration during the coming year. School facilities have been found inadequate to accommodate the increased attendance, and additions to the present school buildings will be necessary in every section of the city.

Lauderdale Will "Come Back."

Meridian.—Although Lauderdale county led the list of decreased cotton crops in the state last year, a vim and determination is evident among the farmers of the county to make cotton and come up with their neighbors who have been hit harder by the boll weevil than Lauderdale ever was.

High School Gives Entertainment.

Tocopola.—The high school pupils of the Tocopola school gave a public entertainment at the school building, for the benefit of school improvement work.

Dropped Pistol Kills Man.

Natchez.—While unloading cow peas for his father at Fayette, Miss., Ernest Dawkins, 28, a bookkeeper, was accidentally killed. A revolver fell from his pocket, struck the wheel, exploded and the bullet passed through his heart.

Slayer in Sought.

Roanoke.—A man named Andrew McAnally, 39, was shot and killed by George went to the house of McAnally and had left and

THE DAY AFTER



(Copyright.)

NEAR DESERTERS SHOT AT GUAYMAS

Hermosillo, Sonora.—The commissioned officers and many sergeants and corporals of the Tenth battalion of the federal garrison at Guaymas were executed in that city, according to word brought here. Officers and men of the Tenth were despatched several days ago by Gen. Ojeda, federal commander, when he discovered they were plotting to desert to the insurgents.

Accompanied by three of the federal officers, who surrendered to the insurgents at Matamoros, Gen. Ojeda, field commander of the constitutionalists in Western Mexico, returned here to assist in locating the scattered groups of federal soldiers who had deserted from the Guaymas garrison.

Gen. Ojeda and his remaining troops are in Guaymas as far as could be learned but insurgent sentries reported that one of the federal gunboats had appeared. This was taken as an indication that at least a part of the federal garrison had departed for Matamoros or Manzanillo, farther down the west coast.

It was announced last night that the services of neither officers nor privates of the deserting army would be accepted in the constitutionalist army. This is in line with the policy of Gen. Carranza, that services would be accepted from only those federal army men who had taken the first opportunity to join the revolutionists.

Maj. H. Figueroa and other federal officers who surrendered at Matamoros have been given their freedom and their troops will be disbanded and set free, since they came over without arms on the side of the insurgents.

They will not be allowed to become constitutionalist soldiers, it was asserted.

Chihuahua, Mex.—"Anyone who hereafter loots or molests property of foreigners or Mexicans will be executed. The right to confiscate property will rest only with the constitutionalist government."

Gen. Francisco Villa issued this order as showing his intention to maintain strict military discipline. As an example he executed on the plaza a band of rebels who had been found guilty by court-martial of sacking the home of a wealthy Mexican. While the six rebels were marched before the firing squad the stolen goods were returned to the owner.

I. R. AND DIPLOMAT CLASH

Chilean Students Make Demonstration
Against American.

Washington.—Members of the diplomatic corps, especially representatives from the South American countries, were greatly interested in a report reaching Washington that former President Theodore Roosevelt and Dr. Marcial Martinez, at one time Chilean minister to the United States, had clashed in Santiago de Chile, on account of divergent views on the Monroe doctrine. The Chilean is reported to have strongly dissented from the Roosevelt view that the much-discussed doctrine still is a vital issue. At the conclusion of the debate a small body of students made a demonstration against Roosevelt.

Whitman's Request Denied.

Albany, N. Y.—A request by District Attorney Whitman of New York that he be appointed a special deputy attorney-general that he might make a statewide graft investigation, will not be granted by Gov. Glynn. The governor, in a statement, criticized Mr. Whitman sharply and questioned his motives in seeking the appointment.

No White Slave Pictures.

Washington.—The management of the Majestic Theater has been ordered by Maj. Sylvester, superintendent of police, to cancel the advertised production of the motion picture play, "The Inside of the White Slave Traffic."

President Will Rest.

Washington.—President Wilson intends that his vacation at Pass Christian, Miss., shall be a complete rest from official activity, but in leisure moments he will apply himself to the task of choosing tentatively members of the federal reserve board to be created by the new currency law.

Killed About Cigarette.

Philadelphia.—Because 18-year-old William Brownholtz of Germantown refused to give him a cigarette, Michael Gallagher, 38, shot the boy in the breast.

WILL PROTECT NONCOMBATANTS

VILLA SAYS HE AND CARRANZA
ARE IN COMPLETE ACCORD.

Chihuahua, Mexico.—Gen. Francisco Villa, the rebel military chief, issued a notice from the state palace that he would guarantee the rights of all foreigners and all Mexicans who have given no support to the Huerta government. He provided for the severest penalties should any of his soldiers attempt to loot stores or violate the rights of non-combatants.

Gen. Villa wished it to be known he was in every way in accord with the wishes of the United States that the persons and property of foreigners would be respected. At the same time he said it would be his policy, both in Chihuahua and during his campaign southward, to deal summarily with all persons who lend aid to Gen. Huerta. He asserted the revolution had progressed to a point where its success and the downfall of the Huerta government was assured.

"It has been necessary to deal promptly and perhaps harshly with certain elements which have attempted to block the progress of the revolution," said Gen. Villa, "particularly Spaniards, whom it was necessary to expel. This has brought about great hardships."

"In future the policy and the determination of those who are leading the revolt against Huerta will be clearly understood. Gen. Carranza and myself are in complete accord."

A wireless station is being installed in order to open communication with Gen. Carranza's headquarters at Hermosillo, Mexico.

Gen. Carranza is expected here soon. It is Villa's intention on Carranza's arrival to establish a form of civil government independent of that at Mexico City. Local business conditions, interrupted by the closing of the stores, are being restored as rapidly as possible. The constitutionalist money is in circulation.

Gen. Villa has endeavored to reopen the mines and smelters and is anxious to reawaken industry as fast as the rebel territory is extended.

AMERICANS ARE RELEASED

Mexican Ruler Will Not Discriminate
Against America.

Mexico City.—By appealing directly to Gen. Huerta, Nelson O'Shaughnessy, American charge d'affaires, obtained from him almost immediately unequivocal consent to the release of three Americans now in jail whose liberation has long been delayed by legal maneuvering. The men ordered set free by Gen. Huerta are H. J. Kidder, William Krause and John Parker.

It developed apparently that Gen. Huerta had known nothing of the incarceration of the men or efforts that had been made by Mr. O'Shaughnessy to procure their release. Made impatient by the long series of evasions and excuses given him from other quarters, O'Shaughnessy risked incurring the displeasure of minor officials and found Huerta apparently willing and anxious to demonstrate by the order for release his intention to indulge in fair play.

To Dismiss Colombians.

Panama.—The anti-Colombian sentiment has grown to such an extent that an open letter has been addressed to President Porras, demanding the expulsion from the republic of the country's detractors and the dismissal of all Colombians holding government positions in Panama.

Huerta Cannot Make Loan.

Paris.—The efforts of the Mexican government to raise money in Europe in order to meet the interest on its obligations falling due in January have thus far been futile.

National Bank Closes.

Pittsburg, Pa.—A national bank examiner took charge of the First National Bank of Elizabeth, at Elizabeth, Pa., on instructions from the treasury department. The bank's directors had requested such action.

Ask an Accounting.

St. Louis.—It was learned from authoritative sources that five of the officials of the St. Louis postoffice have been summoned to appear before a special government commission to give an account of their work.

CURRENCY BILL IS NOW A LAW

THE PRESIDENT SIGNS GLASS-OWEN
MEASURE AMID ENTHUSIASM.

REORGANIZES BANK SYSTEM

Measure, Out of Conference, Passes Senate by Vote of 43 to 25, After Having Passed House Monday Night.

Washington.—President Woodrow Wilson signed the Glass-Owen currency bill at 6:01 o'clock Tuesday night in the presence of members of his cabinet, the congressional committees on banking and currency and Democratic leaders in Congress generally.

With a few strokes of the pen the president converted into law the measure to be known as the federal reserve act, reorganizing the nation's banking and currency system and furnishing, in the words of the president, the machinery for free and elastic and uncontrolled credit, put at the disposal of the merchants and manufacturers of this country for the first time in fifty years.

Enthusiastic applause ran through the ceremony not only as the president affixed his signature, but as he delivered an extemporaneous speech characterizing the desire of the administration to take common counsel with the business men of the country and the latter's efforts to meet the government's advance as "the constitution of peace."

The event came at the close of a day of rejoicing in the national capital, for Congress had recessed for two weeks for the first time since it convened last April. The Democratic leaders were jubilant because they had completed two big pieces of legislation—the tariff and the currency reform—in nine months, a performance which they considered unprecedented in the history of the country.

"I need not tell you," said the president to the assembled group as he took up his pen, "that I feel a very deep gratification at being able to sign this bill and I feel that I ought to express very heartily the admiration I have for the men who have made it possible for me to sign this bill. There have been currents and counter-currents, but the stream has moved forward. I think we owe special admiration to the patience and the leadership and the skill and the force of the chairman of the two committees; and behind them have stood the committees themselves exercising a degree of scrutiny and of careful thought in this matter which undoubtedly has redounded to the benefit of the bill itself."

Organization of the new banking system will be undertaken immediately by Secretary McAdoo of the treasury and Secretary Houston of agriculture, two of the three members of the committee charged with the task by the law. The comptroller of the currency is named as the third member, but this office is now vacant and cannot be filled until the president sends a nomination to the Senate upon his return to Washington after the holidays. It is agreed in official circles, however, that a majority is authorized to act, so the two cabinet officers are preparing to proceed without waiting for a full committee.

OPERATORS FOR STRIKE CALL

Over 1,200 Mtn Would Be Affected
Over Entire System.

Springfield, Mo.—A count of nine-cents of the ballots cast by telegraphers of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad on a proposition to strike because of the refusal of the receivers of the railroad to grant an increased wage and an eight-hour day shows 98 per cent of the men voted in favor of a walk-out, according to a statement by J. A. Newman of Chicago, vice-president of the International Order of Railroad Telegraphers. If a strike should be called, 1,200 men, including station agents, dispatchers and telegraph operators all over the Frisco system, would be affected.

MANY WILL LOSE POSITIONS

New System of Auditing Will Displace
Two Thousand Men.

Fort Smith, Ark.—Two thousand clerks employed by the Frisco Railway will lose their positions Jan. 1, it is authoritatively stated, as a result of a new system of auditing accounts that becomes effective on the same day. Under the new system the station agents of the road will make a daily instead of a monthly report. The force of clerks to be retained will be compelled to work eleven hours under the new system whereas at present they work nine.

Comet Grows Brighter.

Cambridge, Mass.—Observations of the Delevan comet received at the Harvard observatory from Cordoba, Argentina, and from the naval observatory at Washington, indicate that the celestial visitor is increasing in brilliancy and now can be seen through a small telescope.

Killed by Savages.

Toronto.—Charles Budd Robinson, United States government botanist, recently was killed by natives of Ambony Island in the Malay Archipelago. He was a native of Canada.

WILSON ORDERS A REPRIMAND

OBJECTS TO ARMY OFFICERS SATIRIZING HIS POLICIES.

VERY STRANGE IDEA OF FUN

Chief Executive, in Ordering Reprimand, Says He Would Recall Men Responsible for Incident to Ideals of Service.

Washington.—The president made public his letter of reprimand to the officers of the army and navy, who were on the "dinner committee" of the recent Carabao dinner.

The major-general, brigadier-general, rear admiral and other high ranking officers, who were on the dinner committee, are as follows:

Rear Admiral Thomas B. Howard, U. S. N.; chairman; Maj.-Gen. William P. Biddle, U. S. M. C.; Brig.-Gen. Frank McIntyre, U. S. A.; Col. Henry A. S. Helstead, U. S. A.; Capt. William R. Shoemaker, U. S. N.; Surgeon Frank E. McCullough, U. S. N.; Maj. Edgar Russell, U. S. A.; Maj. Lawson M. Fuller, U. S. A. retired; Lieut.-Commander Frank E. Ridgely, U. S. N.; Paymaster Victor S. Jackson, U. S. N.; Maj. Francis N. Koester, U. S. A.; Capt. Warren Dean, U. S. A.; Capt. F. T. Hines, U. S. A.; and Maj. Joseph M. Heller, U. S. N.

A Secretary Garrison immediately issued a memorandum to Maj.-Gen. Wood, chief of staff:

"It is hereby ordered that the officers of the United States army who were on the dinner committee and were therefore responsible for the programs of entertainment at the recent dinner of the Military Order of the Carabao, be reprimanded in pursuance of the communication of the president, dated December 22, 1913, copy herewith. The form that the reprimand should take should be to furnish to each of said officers a copy of the letter from the president."

LINDLEY M. GARRISON,

"Secretary of War."

The president's letter follows: "The officers who were responsible for the program of the evening are certainly deserving of a very serious reprimand, which I hereby request be administered, and I cannot rid myself of a feeling of great disappointment that the general body of officers assembled at the dinner should have greeted the carrying out of such a program with apparent indifference to the fact that it violated some of the most dignified and sacred traditions of the service."

"I am told that the songs and other amusements of the evening were intended and regarded as 'fun.' What are we to think of officers of the army and navy of the United States who think it 'fun' to bring their official superiors to ridicule, and the policies of the government, which they are sworn to serve with unquestioning loyalty, into contempt? If this is their idea of fun, what is their ideal of duty? If they do not hold their loyalty above all silly effervescences of childish wit, what about their profession do they hold sacred?"

"My purpose, therefore, in administering this reprimand is to recall the men who are responsible for this lowering of standards to their ideals; to remind them of the high conscience with which they ought to put duty above personal indulgence, and to think of themselves as responsible men and true soldiers, even while they are amusing themselves as diners-out."

"Sincerely yours,"

"WOODROW WILSON."

FINANCIAL CRISIS IN MEXICO

Huerta Declares Ten Days' Holiday to
Protect Banks.

Mexico City.—The directors of the Bank of London and Mexico began a careful scrutiny of the affairs of that institution, and if their finding is endorsed by other bankers, it is not improbable that assurances will be offered the directors which will enable a full resumption of the business of the institution. It is reasonably certain, however, that the bank will continue to avail itself of the decree of President Huerta, making the last ten days of the present year legal holidays.

Bryans at Miami.

Miami.—Secretary and Mrs. Bryan and their grandson arrived here for a stay of several days at the new Bryan winter home, Villa Serena.

Santa Fe Sued.

Kirkville, Mo.—Attorney-General Barker filed suit here to recover from the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad \$1,000,000 collected while the two-cent passenger and maximum freight laws were in litigation.

Year's Gifts to Charity.

New York.—Charitable gifts in the United States during the last 12 months amount to \$80,135,476, or at the rate of \$2.91 for every tick of the clock, according to a compilation published here.

Singer Seeks Reparation.

Chicago.—Suit for divorce was filed here by Mme. Ernestine Schuman-Heink against her husband, William Rapp. Description is the charge. They were married here in May, 1905, and the contract since has made Chicago her residence.

Upholds Civil Service.

Washington.—Postmaster-General Burleson has taken a stand against the proposal to take assistant postmasters from the protection of civil service.